

Add Your Flag - Join the Hawkins Worldwide DNA Project!

Project site: http://freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.com/~hawkinsdnaproject/.

Data: http://freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.com/~hawkinsdnaproject/tree-g-1.html
Administrator: phil-hawkins (phil-hawkins"at"sbc.... }.

Newsletter 31 March 2011

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Are you the last male in your Hawkins line? Test now!

Material from *Bits and Pieces of the Hawkins Family Puzzle* by Millie Farmer is presented in this issue. It is reprinted, with permission, from the former publication, Hawkins Heritage, edited by Olyve Hallmark Abbott, who published it with permission from Mrs. Farmer. **This information is printed as submitted to the Hawkins Heritage editor.**

I am copying three pages of *Bits and Pieces*... in this issue from the seventh edition of *Hawkins Heritage*, August 1989.

I encourage you to submit a rejoinder to any error in fact that you see in these reproduced pages.

The world's largest free genealogy search engine, http://mocavo.com/, provides genealogists access to the best free genealogy content on the web including billions of names, dates and places worldwide. Mocavo.com seeks to index and make searchable all of the world's free genealogy information.

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Removing Black Bleed-through on Documents: I noticed a photo-copied document showing 'print-through' of the back face. When photocopying a double-sided document, cover the rear face with a sheet of black paper. A sheet of black paper can be produced by copying nothing with the lid open.

Thanks to Bob Jennings in Yorkshire, UK

Some of the Family Tree DNA Haplogroups have been modified. For example, where I was classified as R1b1b2, I have been reclassified as R1b1a2, Shorthand = R-M269.

I need a helping hand here. **Participants**, please go to your personal page at Family Tree DNA and under your Y-DNA select Haplotree, and make a note of the haplogroup it shows in the top bar. Then if you would send me an email with your <u>haplogroup</u>, <u>name</u>, <u>kit #</u>, and <u>Family Group</u> it will save me an immense amount of look-up time in making the changes.

Here is <u>FTDNA</u>'s complete explanation for the change in nomenclature: "When a new Y-chromosome DNA SNP (Single Nucleotide Polymorphism) is discovered, its placement changes the names of the inner nodes (branch points) on the tree. As scientific knowledge advances, so will both the Family Tree DNA Draft Tree and the Y-Chromosome Consortium's phylogenetic Trees."

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I have been thinking that each family group needs its own detailed site with a link from our current site of basic info. Your thoughts, please?

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Genealogy Gems: News from the Fort Wayne Library, No. 84, February 28, 2011. Technology Tip of the Month--Adding Footnotes in Microsoft Word by Kay Spears.

Many of us writing family histories using our word processing program will want to include explanatory notes or source citations to document our work. Fortunately, adding a footnote or endnote is one of the easier tasks to perform in Microsoft Word. For Word 2003 and older versions, make sure you are viewing

your document in "print layout" view. Go to the menu bar and click on Insert>Reference>Footnote. In the Footnote and Endnote dialog box that appears, first choose either Footnote or Endnote, and then select the Number format that you prefer and click on it. Then click on Insert. By default, Word places footnotes at the bottom of the page and endnotes at the end of the document. As you insert additional notes, Word will automatically adjust the numbering for you.

To add notes using Word 2007 and later versions, go to the Reference tab on your ribbon and click Footnote. The footnote will be inserted automatically in the document without a dialog box. If you want to use a dialog box, click on the small arrow beside the word Footnote to override the default and activate the dialog box.

If you want to use keystrokes instead of your mouse, use Ctrl+Alt+F to insert a footnote. Double clicking on the footnote number at the bottom of the page will return you to the place in the text where you inserted the footnote. Adding source citations to your family history with Microsoft Word is easy, allows you to document your research, and will help give your work a professional appearance.

Quick-Tip of the Month for Preservation--Storing CDs and DVDs

Store CDs and DVDs in the same manner you would store books: on end, not flat. If you have a large number of discs, stacking them on top of each other can increase the chances of some cracking or being scratched by dust trapped between the discs. Ideally, each disc should be in its own case with each case bearing an appropriate descriptive label.

To subscribe to "Genealogy Gems," go to the website: www.GenealogyCenter.org. Scroll to the bottom, click on E-zine, and fill out the form. You will be notified with a confirmation email.

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Input from our Hawkins Family Groups. The family pages are found at http://freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~hawkinsdnaproject/tree g-1.html.

Hawkins Family Group-02 (Group Leader is Bob Hawkins, <u>bobhawk507@sbcglobal.net</u>) (http://freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~hawkinsdnaproject/tree_g-1.html#Group-02)

We have a new Master Tree. View it, just below the data comparison table at (http://freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~hawkinsdnaproject/tree g-1.html#Group-02)

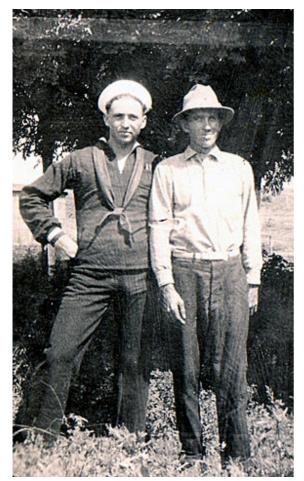
Can you connect your part of the line?? There will be more changes in the coming month. Keep an eye on it.

Anyone out there - do you have something that would be of interest to others of us in this group?

Bob Hawkins

Hawkins Family Group-04 (My, your editor's, family group, phill-hawkins@sbcglobal.net.): Earliest known common ancestors are Jeffery and Dorothy (Mattock) Hawkins, emigrating from Wilts, England in 1682 to Bucks Co., PA.

(http://freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~hawkinsdnaproject/tree_g-1.html#Group-04)



Cousin Phil: Here is a very old photo with a story.

Pictured here in Caddo County Oklahoma, June 17, 1919, are Harley A. Hawkins (right) and his brother-in-law Benjamin Lynch (left). Harley, my grandfather, and his wife, Minnie V. (Lynch) Hawkins (my grandmother), had been tending the farm of Albert Henry Lynch, Minnie and Benjamin's older brother, while Albert was in France in 1918. Albert was killed on his first day of action, October 9, 1918. His brother Benjamin had enlisted in the Navy but did not serve overseas.

Benjamin is shown here visiting the family while on leave. Shortly after this, Benjamin married Harley's sister, Goldie Hawkins. So, a bother and sister (Harley and Goldie Hawkins) married a sister and brother (Minnie and Benjamin Lynch), making my family tree doubly confusing!

	[See tree 100549]

Hawkins Family Group-05 (Group Leader is Jeanne Bornefeld, jeanne.bornefeld@yahoo.com.) (http://freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~hawkinsdnaproject/tree_g-1.html#Group-05)

I am always looking for any mention of John Hawkins, mariner of New England, who immigrated into Maryland in 1651 and settled in Anne Arundel County. While records are few and far between, every now and then I find a little more to light up our vision of who he may have been - meaning how he lived and conducted himself through his lifetime.

I have found in the Proprietary Records of the Provincial Court of Maryland that: "Adam Staveley, age 30, deposed on 29 December 1657, that he went from Monadose to Rapahanock with John Hawkins to the house of Rice Jones. Said Hawkins had a manservant with 1 1/2 years of service in exchange for Elizabeth Frame."

An significance of the above statement by Staveley: Elizabeth Frame identifies John Hawkins as John Hawkins, mariner of New England, reference in my book from the Archives of Maryland the legal action she brought against him in Maryland having to do with her servitude.

Manadose is a town in northeast Sulawesi, Indonesia, established by the Dutch in 1657. The Dutch East India Company built a fortress there in 1658.

Rapahanock is in Virginia. Rice Jones was a wealthy and powerful individual in Virginia at the time. This suggests that John Hawkins and Rice Jones had some business together.

Records created during the Dutch rule mainly originate from the Dutch East India Company, the General State Secretariat and the Director of Culture as well as regional and local archives which are kept at Jalan Cajah Mada in Jakarta and in Bogor.

It would be wonderful to have a look at these records for a reference to John Hawkins.

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Hawkins Family Group-07 (Group Leader is Sara Hawkins Powell, sara-powell@sbcglobal.net.) The Group-07 family pages at http://freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~hawkinsdnaproject/tree_g-1.html#Group-07

NOTES ON THE ANCESTRY OF BENJAMIN HAWKINS OF VA:

Goochland Co. VA Wills & Deeds 1728 – 1736 show Robert Wade who bought and sold land in Goochland Co. in the years 1729, 1734 & 1735. In 1737 and 1739, R. Wade was still involved in the transaction of land. He is noted to be "of Goochland Co. until a Deed in 1734 that shows him to be "of Hanover Co." Goochland and Hanover Cos. as shown on a map of VA 1738, were very large and right next to each other.

Benjamin Hawkins enters the picture as a possible son-in-law of said Robert Wade (this has not been proven). This assumption is based on the following information: R. Wade bought land on the N side of the James River, he later sold this tract of land to Benjamin Hawkins and his wife, Mary of Goochland Co. in 1739; also in 1739, Benjamin & Mary Hawkins wit. a deed for Robert Wade of Hanover Co. The connection between Robert Wade and Benjamin Hawkins may be only friendship, or Wade could be related to Mary Hawkins. This as stated above is as yet not proven only based on the land dealings.

In 1742, land was purchased by others and in the description of said land it is noted that it was "bounded by Benjamin Hawkins. (This being land on the north side of the James River and the Little Byrd Creek. This does not put Hawkins in Goochland, but he stills holds land there.

In 1743, Benjamin Hawkins and his wife, Mary "of Raleigh Parish in the County of Amelia..." sold the track of land that they had purchased from Robert Wade of Hanover Co., dec'd, and their residence was shown in Goochland Co. This transaction was wit. by Jeremiah Wade and Mary relinquished her dower of the conveyed land.

In Amelia Co. VA there was another Benjamin Hawkins. This B. Hawkins died in 1745. What if any relation to Benjamin Hawkins, husband of Mary, is not clear. However, it should be noted that B. Hawkins 1745 died without a Will and a Benjamin Baldwin was appointed executor of his estate. Benjamin Hawkins, formally of Goochland Co. went to court for the estate vs. Benjamin Baldwin.

Between 1745 and 1749, Benjamin Hawkins was very active in land dealings in Amelia Co. VA. Also there were several marriages of Hawkins' between 1745 and 1774, one named Benjamin Hawkins as the Security. Benjamin died in 1771 and Mary, his wife was named as the administrator or his will.

It should now be noted that there was yet another Benjamin Hawkins who probably was born around 1726 and could well be involved in the land dealings. It was not until 1763 that a Benjamin Hawkins is referred to as "jr.". He is shown as Benj. Hawkins, Jr. of St. Patrick Parish of Prince Edward Co. The other Benj. Hawkins is referred to as being of Amelia Co. Is this important? At this point in my research, I have no idea. I shall assume that B. Hawkins of Amelia Co. is Benj. I and Benjamin Hawkins Jr. of Prince Edward Co. is Benj. II.

This information causes me to question the birth date of Ben II, however, he would have died at a very young age.

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If you maintain a web site with Hawkins information, please add a link to our Hawkins DNA Project. If you maintain a website that relates to any of our Hawkins DNA lines, please advise, and I'll list a link for it on our site.

If you know someone that would like to be on the Hawkins project information mailing list, please send me their name and email and I'll add them. Anyone that desires not to be on the list should request removal.

Please advise us of any planned Hawkins reunions. We would like to list them indicating the patriarch, place, dates, and any other special information. Consider collecting donations to have some of the cousins in your group tested. Maybe you have the perfect paper records, but the mutations that occur in the separate lines need to be identified now for succeeding generations (and just maybe, your paper records are not as solid as you assume).

If you have tested with someone other than Family Tree DNA please contact me about also participating in our Hawkins Project.



Phil Hawkins - 2010

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Phillip A. Hawkins, Administrator, Hawkins Worldwide DNA Project [No compensation received]

Hawkins DNA Newsletter2011-03_31Mar11

Bits and Pieces of the Hawkins Family Puzzle by Mildred Showalter Farmer Continued from the last issue.

BITS AND PIECES OF THE HAWKINS FAMILY PUZZLE

By Mildred Showalter Farmer

Continued from last issue

In the <u>HISTORY OF THE Crockett FAMILY</u> pg. 379, we find a Joseph, Benjamin and Samuel Hawkins coming to Virginia from England settling in Gloucester CO. and Matthew CO. which at that time were in Maryland. They are now counties in the State of Virginia. John, their brother came to America and settled in Massachusetts. Another Brother Phesa came to Virginia but died shortly after his arrival.

Samuel had three sons. One was Joseph, b. ca 1812. Samuel was married to Anneke Jane Edwards a Quakeress who had a brother Capt. Robert Edwards of the British Army. It is not known for certain if Anneke Jane Edwards is related to the family of Uriah Edwards of Spotsylvania CO. VA.

Joseph Hawkins' and Anneke Jane Edwards had ten children: Benjamin, Joseph Jr. Richard, Samuel, Jane, Sarah, Rebecca b. ca 1756, Susan, Mary and Caroline The family moved to Washington CO., N.C. soon after they were married.

Benjamin, their son married ca 1778 Magdelena Byrd, the dau of Mounce Byrd. Benjamin and Magdelene had children Mounce and Sarah who was b. on Jan. 17, 1780.

Mounce Hawkins and Mary Allen his wife had a son named Reuben who was b. ca 1810. He is said to be a cousin of Davey Crockett and lived in the Shenandoah Valley of Virginia before moving to Xenia Township, Green CO., OH. In 1814 he and his father in law, who was with them purchased 1,000 acres

for \$5,000. They remained in Ohio.

Reuben, son of Mounce and Mary Allen died ca 1870 in Xenia Township, OH. His wife was Lydia Fallin of Clinton CO., OH. They had six children:

Frank who was b. Dec. 12, 1841, Joseph G., Mary, Hannah L., Sarah E., and James [F].

Reuben was a member of the Methodist Church; was first a Democrat, then a Republican. He was a school director before they moved to Wabash Indiana and went into the lumber business in Attica Indiana. Later they moved to Dawagiac Mich. He died at the age of 84. His son Joseph was killed in the Civil War at the age of 20. Mary E. mar. Preston Michael and d. in Mar. 1901. Her children were Jessie and Harry. Hannal L. daughter of Reuben and Lydia Fallis died at the age of 15. Sarah was 23 when she died and James died in infancy.

The information on Reuben and his family comes

from Mrs. Dorothy Wulfeck's reply to a query in her column in <u>Queries</u> From Geneologly and History Magazine.

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^ Hawkins Heritage Newsletter #07 p08 1989.08

Benjamin Hawkins and Magdelena's dau. Sarah was b. on Jan. 17, 1780 in Rockingham, VA. She married Michael Martz.

Samuel Hawkins son of Anneke Jane Edwards and Joseph Hawkins was b. ca 1762. He married ca 1783, Christina Worthington, b. ca 1762. Samuel died ca 1814 at Easton, Preble CO., OH. She died ca 1813 there. Their children were: Joseph, Benjamin, Byrd, John Jay, Samuel, Lydia, Sarah, Rebecca, and Eleanor. Samuel was an apprentice blacksmith under Thomas Brown. He served in the Virginia State Line as a private in the Infantry in the battles of Yorktown and Valley Forge. John Jay, son of Samuel and Christina Worthington were married and had children: Samuel, Nathan Byrd, Benjamin W., Christina, Joseph C. and Elizabeth Caroline. John Jay was in the War of 1812.

Sarah Jane Hawkins, dau. of Anneke Jane Edwards and Joseph Hawkins was b. ca June 3, 1746. at Frederick, VA whi is now Shenandoah CO., VA. She married John Sevier, a hero in the American Revolution and Governor of TN. She was killed during an Indian attack in Washington County, TN in Feb, 1780. She was first buried in a secret grave and later moved to the Court House Grounds in Knoxville, TN. Her children were: Joseph, James, John Elizabeth, Sarah, Mary Ann, Valentine, Richard, and Rebecca. It is said that she was small and blond. When Sevier was defending the fort in Frederick CO., he used most of his bullets. Sarah spent the day in front of a fireplace melting lead and molding bullets so that they could protect themselves that evening.

At one time Joseph Hawkins and Anneke had a large trading post in a stockade in Frederick ${\rm CO}_{\:\raisebox{1pt}{\text{\circle*{1.5}}}}$

The above information is from The Edwards Family by Eldon Edwards, Sr. Rebecca Hawkins, dau. Of Anneke Jane Edwards and Joseph Hawkins was b. ca 1756 in either Baltimore, MD or near York, PA. She died in Washington CO. TN ca 1834. She married John Crockett b. ca 1754. Their children were George, Samuel, William, James, John, Wilson, David b. Aug. 17, 1785 "on a mountain top in Tennessee" near Limestone, Washington CO. Joseph, Betsy, Jane and Sally were other children. John Crockett served in the Battle of King's Mountain in 1780 where John Sevier became famous for his heroic efforts.

The Sevier Family written by a descendant claims some of the same names. Joseph Hawkins b. ca 1712, he claims married Sarah Marlin, dau.of Richard Marlin. He claims that Joseph is the son of John Hawkins, b. 1680 In Essex CO. VA in St. Anne's Parish and d. prior to Oct. 7, 1740. He named Joseph and Sarah's children as Sarah who m. Lt. Col. Richard Campbell, Benjamin who mar. Magdelena Byrd, the dau. of Mounce Byrd. Samuel mar. Catherine---, "Mary m. Daniel Windle and Gen. John Sevier's Diary states that he frequently stayed at her home on his way to Washington, DC. There was another daughter, Elizabeth who never married."

Another source of information is that Davey Crockett's mother, Rebecca Hawkins, was from a line that comes from a Thomas Hawkins. The Hawkins family in Tennessee who signed the Wautauga Treaty in the 1770's were Nicholas, Nathan, Aaron. Davey himself is said to have written that his mother was born in Pennsylvania.

Early records of York County VA show Thomas Hawkins coming to Virginia on the ship James in 1619 where he settled on the New Poquoson River.

He was an original Grantee in the Jamestown area who way elected to the House of Burgesses and the militia where he served as a Captain. Mr. Reginald Smith states in his book on the Hawkins Families that he was the son

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^ Hawkins Heritage Newsletter #07 p09 1989.08

of William Hawkins of Plymouth, England who had three other sons who'came to Virginia. William's son, William married 1... and 2. Mary Halse. They had daughters and their sons were: Richard, Nicholas b. ca 1582, Francis, b. 1584 and William. William died and Mary came to America with her children. Thomas was the son of William's first wife. William married Sarah and came to Virginia first. Sarah and her children William and Sarah came to Virginia with Thomas Lucas. Thomas was William's half brother and was married to Mary Lucas who was the daughter of Thomas Lucas.

Thomas Hawkins had 340 acres on the North side of the Rapahhannock River. He was responsible for bringing seven persons to the New World and was awarded the property. He brought his wife over twice and his son Thomas Jr. Capt. Henry Fleet had property adjoining his on the S. side of the "Potomeck" River. Herringe Creek was mentioned in the description and the award was for bringing 20 persons to Virginia.

Thomas Hawkins Jr. and Elizabeth received 300 acres upon New Poquoson River "nearly into the woods" N.E. upon the creek parting this and Mr. John Cheesman's land. It was due for transporting four persons.

The Virginia Historical Magazine, Vol. III tells that Capt. Thomas Hawkins was a vestryman of Sittingbourne Parish, Rappahannock CO. in 1665 and that he was a justice. He died in 1677 and left wife Frances and sons Thomas and John. His daughter Elizabeth received his first wife's diamond ring and pearl necklace and "if she died" they were to go to his daughter Hannah. Deeds in Essex CO, show that Thomas had a wife Mary.

Thomas son Thomas of Essex CO. was involved in Bacon's Rebellion and he died without marrying. He was a Major in the Militia and he and Captain Thomas, his father fought Indian battles. Maj. Thomas was taken prisoner by Nathaniel Bacon. Virginia Magazine, Vol. III, pgs 36-37. Hannah, Captain Thomas Hawkins' daughter married Col. William Moseley of Essex CO... Historical Southern Families Vol. 4 pg. 146 by John Boddie.

County lines and names often changed in this period of time as the land' became more populated,

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^ Hawkins Heritage Newsletter #07 p10 1989.08

(Continued next issue)

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